

ÁMBITO DE COMUNICACIÓN
Lengua extranjera (INGLÉS) (40 puntos)

D. COMPRENSIÓN Y REDACCIÓN DE UN TEXTO EN LENGUA EXTRANJERA. (20 puntos)

Colombia launches new anti-drug plan

Colombia's President, Gustavo Petro, launched on Tuesday a new national drug policy that will look to reduce the size of coca crops, cut potential cocaine output and prevent deforestation linked to drug trafficking, while helping small farmers transition to the legal economy.

Facing pressure from the United States to fight cocaine production, Colombia has historically used tactics like the forced eradication of coca - the drug's chief ingredient - and prosecution of poor farmers, all under conservative governments.

"We want to make the first concerted effort to swap one economy for another, with the whole community," Petro, a leftist, said during an event in El Tambo, a municipality in Cauca province, one of the regions most affected by coca crops.

The strategy, which will run from 2023 to 2033, will support regions, communities and ecosystems affected by illegal drugs, helping people abandon illegal activities in favor of legal economies, transforming their economic and social conditions in the process, Petro said.

The plan will be used to cut off income from drug trafficking, combat corruption and strengthen cocaine seizures, among other measures.

In 2022, coca crops covered approximately 2,300 square kilometers of Colombia's territory - a

13% increase from the previous year - while potential cocaine output rose by 24% to 1,738 metric tons, according to the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime.

Texto adaptado de www.reuters.com

Vocabulario:

Crops: cosecha

Output: producción

Concerted: concertado/conjunto

Income: ingresos

Leftist: izquierdista

To cut off: cortar/interrumpir

Strengthen seizures: fortalecer las incautaciones

12. Indica si las siguientes afirmaciones son verdaderas (T) o falsas (F) y escribe la frase del texto que justifica tu respuesta:

(5 puntos, 1 por apartado)

[**F**] Colombia's new anti-war drug will have a negative impact on the environment.

"Colombia [...] launched a new national drug policy [...] prevent deforestation linked to drug trafficking"...

[**T**] The US has pressured Colombia in the past to fight cocaine production.

"Colombia, facing pressure from the United States to fight cocaine production, has historically [...] used tactics..."

[**T**] This is the first time the Colombian government has worked in close collaboration with local communities.

"We want to make the first concerted effort to swap one economy with another, with the whole community..."

[**T**] This new anti-drug plan will last for ten years.

"The strategy, which will run from 2023 to 2033,..."

[**F**] The plan will allow drug traffickers to earn more money.

"The plan will be used to cut off income from drug trafficking..."





13. Marca la respuesta que mejor se ajuste a lo expresado en el texto:
(5 puntos, 1 por apartado)

A. A new national drug policy...

- ☐ will link deforestation to drug trafficking in Colombia.
- ☒ was launched by Colombia's President, Gustavo Petro, on Tuesday.
- ☐ has reduced the size of coca crops in Colombia.

B. The forced eradication of coca and prosecution of poor farmers...

- ☐ are fought by the United States.
- ☒ are tactics historically used in Colombia.
- ☐ will help small farmers transition to the legal economy.

C. ... is one of the regions most affected by coca crops.

- ☐ Gustavo Petro.
- ☒ El Tambo.
- ☐ An event in El Tambo.

D. The goal of the new plan is...

- ☐ to strengthen cocaine.
- ☐ to transform the economic and social conditions in the Cauca province.
- ☒ to help people abandon illegal activities in favor of legal economies.

E. Potential cocaine output in Colombia in 2022...

- ☒ exceeded 1,000 metric tons.
- ☐ decreased by 24%.
- ☐ covered approximately 2,300 km².

14. Las drogas continúan siendo un gran problema, especialmente en los países productores, y sucesivas políticas para combatirlo llevan décadas fracasando. Escribe un texto en inglés de **entre 50 y 70 palabras** en el que des tu opinión sobre si crees que es buena idea seguir persiguiendo las drogas o sería mejor legalizarlas. Puedes usar las oraciones condicionales para hablar de situaciones posibles o hipotéticas, así como los verbos modales (can, mustn't, should, could...) para expresar tu opinión. Estas expresiones pueden ayudarte:
(10 puntos)

war on drugs/ illegal drug trade / drug-related crime / drug abuse

Respuesta libre.

E. CONOCIMIENTO DE LA LENGUA EXTRANJERA. (20 puntos)

Elige en cada caso la opción que consideres más correcta.
(2 puntos por ejercicio)

15. Maybe you're right. Jen ... the best student in class.

- ☒ might be
- ☐ should be
- ☐ can be

16. Cristina...

- ☐ is blue eyes.
- ☒ has got blue eyes.
- ☐ her eyes are blue.

16. Why don't we ... trekking on Saturday?

- ☐ do
- ☐ play
- ☒ go

17. Where ... you usually ... ?

- ☐ do/ sleeps
- ☐ does/ sleep
- ☒ do/sleep

17. Last night I worked while...

- ☐ you slept.
- ☒ you were sleeping.
- ☐ you was sleeping.

18. You would look smarter if you...

- ☒ wore shirts.
- ☐ wear shirts.
- ☐ had worn shirts.





21. ... Gregorio ... the book yet?

- ☐ Have/read
- ☒ Has/read
- ☐ Has/readed

22. I think summer is the best season.

- ☒ I disagree.
- ☐ I'm not agree.
- ☐ I think that no.

22. Does your mom know your teacher?

- ☒ Yes, she does.
- ☐ Yes, she knows my teacher.
- ☐ Yes, she knows.

23. Asia is ... than Europe.

- ☐ more bigger
- ☐ more big
- ☒ bigger

