

**ÁMBITO DE COMUNICACIÓN:
MÓDULO DE PRIMERA LENGUA EXTRANJERA: INGLÉS**

***PRUEBAS LIBRES PARA LA OBTENCIÓN DEL TÍTULO DE
GRADUADO EN EDUCACIÓN SECUNDARIA OBLIGATORIA
DESTINADAS A PERSONAS MAYORES DE DIECIOCHO AÑOS***

Resolución de 15 de diciembre de 2023 (BOCM de 29 de diciembre de 2023)

DATOS DEL ASPIRANTE	CALIFICACIÓN
APELLIDOS: NOMBRE: DNI / NIE: FECHA DE NACIMIENTO: FECHA DE EXAMEN: CENTRO EXAMINADOR:	

Segunda convocatoria año 2024

INSTRUCCIONES
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- La duración máxima de la prueba será de <u>90 min.</u>- Mantenga su DNI / NIE en lugar visible.- Deberá tener su móvil <u>apagado</u> durante la realización de la prueba.- Debe responder en inglés a todas las cuestiones propuestas.- Todas las preguntas deberán ser respondidas con bolígrafo de color negro o azul.- No está permitido el uso de diccionarios o recursos electrónicos.- Cuide la presentación, usando una caligrafía clara y legible. <p>Calificación: la prueba se calificará de 1 a 10 puntos. El desglose de la puntuación se indica en cada una de las preguntas de las que consta la prueba.</p>

(A RELLENAR POR EL CORRECTOR)										
PREGUNTAS	1. ^a	2. ^a	3. ^a	4. ^a	5. ^a	6. ^a	7. ^a	8. ^a	9. ^a	Total
PUNTUACIÓN										

APELLIDOS:

NOMBRE:

READING PART (3 points)

Shopping Science

You only have to go to a modern shopping centre to see that shopping has become one of our favourite hobbies. This has meant that there has been a shopping explosion, with more and more shops selling enormous quantities of competing products. To be really competitive and sell more, shops are going to have to study the ‘science of shopping’.

There are special companies which study shoppers while they are shopping. They use cameras, video recorders, and employ people to follow and observe shoppers. They observe, for example, how many products are touched by the shopper, how much information about products is read, which signs are ignored, which products are opened...

One thing that was discovered from this observation was the importance of a ‘transition zone’ in shops. Shop managers used to think that the best place to put products was right at the entrance of the shop. But now they have discovered that when people walk into a shop they need to walk seven to ten metres to become familiar with the light and sounds in the shop. As a consequence, they don’t pay attention to products which are too close to the entrance.

Another discovery that was made by observing customers in action was that 86% of women look at prices when they shop, in comparison with only 72% of men. On the other hand, 65% of men who try on clothes in a shop will buy them, in comparison with only 25% of women. So many clothes shops now try to make it easier for men to get to the changing room to try on clothes.

The ‘science of shopping’ isn’t necessarily a bad thing. It means that shops will pay more and more attention to our needs and desires, and they will make the act of shopping easier and more comfortable for us. Of course, the problem is that if it’s easier for us to shop, it’s also easier for us to spend a lot of money buying things that we don’t really need!

APELLIDOS:

NOMBRE:

1. Read the text “Shopping Science” and decide if these statements are true or false. Copy the evidence from the text to support your answers. NO marks are given for only *true* or *false*. (1 point = 0,25 each correct answer)

a) Some companies are studying the ‘science of shopping’. *True / False*

- Evidence:

b) Shoppers are observed only using cameras and video recorders. *True / False*

- Evidence:

c) More women than men look at how much a product costs before they buy it.

True / False

- Evidence:

d) The writer thinks that the ‘science of shopping’ may make shopping harder for us. *True / False*

- Evidence:

2. Answer these questions with information from the text. Write full sentences. You can copy from the text. (1 point= 0,50 each correct answer)

a) Why is it important for shops to study the science of shopping?

b) What is the ‘transition zone’ in a shop?

3. Read the following text. Complete the blanks with the correct sentences from the box. Write your choices (a-j) next to the numbers below. (1 point = 0,10 each)

a) into reality
b) a lot of money
c) wrote a story
d) about how to carry
e) goes up

f) at the idea
g) will probably cost
h) travelling into space
i) a little boring
j) scientists and engineers

1:___ 2:___ 3:___ 4:___ 5:___ 6:___ 7:___ 8:___ 9:___ 10:___

APELLIDOS:
NOMBRE:

In 1972, Roald Dahl _____(1) for children called *Charlie and the Great Glass Elevator*, and in 1979 the science fiction writer Arthur C Clarke wrote a book called *Fountains of Paradise*. In the book he described _____(2) in a space elevator. Now a group of 70 _____(3) are trying to turn the idea _____(4). At a meeting in Santa Fe they are talking _____(5) satellites, spaceships and even tourists thousands of kilometres into space.

Many people laugh _____(6) of a space elevator. But the American space agency NASA isn't laughing. It is spending _____(7) on the project. The idea is to build a strong, thin cable 100,000km long. A satellite will take the cable into space. Special cars will go up the cable from a platform in the Pacific Ocean. The project _____(8) about seven billion dollars.

For tourists the elevator will be a cheaper way to visit space and travel to other planets. But will they want to go? The problem is that it's going to be _____(9). There's no smoke, no fire and no loud noises like with a spaceship. There's just a platform that slowly _____(10) the cable into space.

USE OF ENGLISH (5 points)

4. Choose the correct options to complete the sentences. (2 points= 0,10 each)

- My brother _____ my laptop, so I can't use it right now.
a) uses b) is using c) used
- We _____ when you arrived.
a) have lunch b) were having lunch c) will have lunch
- What time _____ you _____ your homework last night?
a) do / finish b) did / finish c) was / finishing
- How often _____ you _____ your emails?
a) does / check b) is / checking c) do / check
- Alcohol _____ in some countries.
a) don't drink b) aren't drank c) isn't drunk
- A lot of houses _____ by the fire last night.
a) are destroyed b) were destroyed c) was destroyed
- Look! I've just found a holiday resort _____ we can take our pets.
a) that b) where c) which

APELLIDOS:

NOMBRE:

8. There's the astronaut _____ we met on the cruise ship.
a) whose b) which c) who
9. I want to meet someone _____ dreams are the same as mine.
a) whose b) who c) that
10. My dad _____ the sports programme on TV last Friday.
a) don't see b) didn't see c) doesn't saw
11. I think I'm _____ than most of my friends at the moment.
a) happier b) happyer c) most happy
12. Jake _____ in Lisbon for a year.
a) lives b) has lived c) have lived
13. My friends _____ at a hotel in Ibiza for the last two weeks.
a) stay b) has stayed c) have stayed
14. How long _____ here?
a) do you live b) you have lived c) have you lived
15. When he was a child, he _____ swim very well. He won two medals.
a) had to b) can c) could
16. You _____ drink more water. It's really good for your health.
a) should b) don't have to c) shouldn't
17. Ten years ago, Richard _____ ride a bicycle.
a) can b) could c) can't
18. Mary _____ study. She has got an important exam tomorrow.
a) has to b) doesn't have to c) have to
19. We _____ use our mobile at school. It's against the rules.
a) don't have to b) mustn't c) could
20. Sam _____ to study harder. His marks are very good.
a) mustn't b) shouldn't c) doesn't have to

5. Write questions for the following answers. (1 point= 0'25 each)

- 1- _____? - She comes **from London**
- 2- _____? - I was waiting for **Sam**.
- 3- _____? - **No**, I have never been there.
- 4- _____? - **Jennifer** bought it.

APELLIDOS:

NOMBRE:

6. Put the verbs in the correct form to make conditionals sentences. (0,50 points = 0,10 each)

- a) We'll go for a walk tomorrow if it _____ (get) warmer.
- b) Peter _____ (not like) the food if it is very spicy.
- c) If I could have a superpower, I _____ (choose) to be invisible.
- d) If I were you I _____ (listen) to your sister.
- e) We won't go to the beach if it _____ (rain).

7. Complete the sentences to report what Frodo said. (0,80 points= 0,20 each)

- a) "I'm a hobbit." said Frodo.
Frodo said _____
- b) "I need to destroy the ring." said Frodo.
Frodo said _____
- c) "I don't like Golum." said Frodo.
Frodo said _____
- d) "My friends are going to help." said Frodo.
Frodo said _____

8. Complete the dialogue with seven of the words in the box. (0,70 points = 0,10 each)

is has hear go use will are heard going used

- Stephen: Have you ever (a) _____ the song 'Our House'?
- Mike: No. Who (b) _____ it sung by?
- Stephen: A group called Madness. They always (c) _____ the song in adverts.
For example, it's (d) _____ at the moment in an advert for mobile phones.
- Mike: In that case I'm sure that if I (e) _____ it one day on the radio I (f) _____ recognise it.
- Stephen: My sister likes it so I'm (g) _____ to buy it for her birthday.

APELLIDOS:

NOMBRE:

WRITING PART (2 points)

Instrucciones específicas para esta pregunta: Escriba en inglés un mínimo de 50 y un máximo de 70 palabras. Se valorará que se ajuste al tema e incluya todas las informaciones que se preguntan explícitamente, la corrección gramatical y la riqueza y corrección del vocabulario.

9. Write about your favourite hobby – it can be music, sport, going out in a town or city, going to the country, shopping Include this information:

- *What is the hobby exactly?*
- *Why do you like this hobby?*
- *How often/ When/ Where do you do this hobby? Who do you do this hobby with?*
- *When did you begin this hobby?*