

PROVA PER A L'OBTENCIÓ DEL TÍTOL DE GRADUAT EN EDUCACIÓ SECUNDÀRIA
PRUEBA PARA LA OBTENCIÓN DEL TÍTULO DE GRADUADO EN EDUCACIÓN SECUNDARIA

Convocatòria extraordinària de 5 de març de 2021
Convocatoria extraordinaria de 5 de marzo de 2021

1r cognom <i>1r apellido</i>			
2n cognom <i>2º apellido</i>			
Nom <i>Nombre</i>			
Edat <i>Edad</i>			Data de naixement <i>Fecha de nacimiento</i>
Localitat <i>Localidad</i>			Província <i>Provincia</i>
Lloc on es realitza la prova <i>Lugar donde se realiza la prueba</i>			
Data <i>Fecha</i>			5 de març de 2021 <i>5 de marzo de 2021</i>

TERCERA PART

Mòduls de l'àmbit de Comunicació
Módulos del ámbito de Comunicación
Versió única / Versión única

LLENGUA ESTRANGERA / LENGUA EXTRANJERA	PUNTUACIÓ
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Anglés / Inglés</i> 	

COMENTARIS

ENGLISH

1. Read the text. Answer the Wh- questions about the text with complete sentences and the yes/no questions with short answers. (1,5 marks)

Malala Yousafzai was born in Pakistan in 1997. She grew up in the city of Mingora. Her family was of an ethnic group known as the **Pashtuns**. Her father was a teacher and Malala loved learning and going to school. She was a clever girl and dreamed of becoming a teacher, a doctor, or a politician. She learned three different languages including Pashto, English and Urdu.

When Malala was ten years old, the Taliban (strict **muslims**) began to take control of the region where she lived. They said that women stayed at home and wore a *burqa* (a dress that covers the body, head, and face). They couldn't dance, listen to music or watch TV. And they said girls could **no longer** go to school. Then, Malala started to write a blog for the BBC. It was about her life under Taliban rule. Malala soon became famous for writing her blog and began to speak in public about Talibans. They were not happy with Malala. One day after school, in 2012, she was taking the bus home and a man shot Malala on her head. She was very sick and woke up 10 days later in a hospital in Birmingham, England.

After months of **surgeries** and rehabilitation, she joined her family in a new home in the U.K. On her sixteenth birthday, Malala gave a speech to the United Nations. She spoke about wanting all girls to get an education. She wanted peace and opportunity for all. She received a number of awards including the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014. She also wrote a best-selling book called *I Am Malala*. Today she is 23 years old and has graduated from Oxford University. She has a **fund** and travels to many countries to **ensure** all girls receive quality education and fights against child marriage and gender discrimination.

VOCABULARY

Pashtuns: paixtus / pastunes

Fund: fundació / fundación

surgeries: operacions /operaciones

muslims: musulmans / musulmanes

no longer: mai més / nunca más

ensure: assegurar /asegurar

*Examples: Did Malala Yousafzai grow up in Mingora? She, she did.
What was Malala's father job? He was a teacher.*

1. How many languages did Malala learn?

2. Why did Malala first become famous?

3. What was Malala Yousafzai doing when the man shot her?

4. When did Malala give a speech to the United Nations?

5. What does Malala do now?

6. Did Malala write a book?

2. Find in the text a synonym for: (0,75 marks)

Example: ill

sick

1. intelligent

2. prizes

3. started

3. Are the following sentences true or false? Tick the correct option. (0,75 marks)

Example: She received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014

 ✓

	T	F
a) When Malala was a child, she wanted to become a businesswoman.		
b) Malala graduated from Cambridge University.		
c) The Taliban said that women wore a burqa.		

4. Write the correct option. (1,5 marks)

Example: I want to drink a glass of water.

TO DRINK – DRINKING – DRANK – DRINKS

1. There are not _____ chairs in the living room.	a	an	some	any
2. Laura _____ speak English and French.	likes	can	is	wants
3. Carlos and _____ sister are from England.	his	her	their	our
4. I usually _____ lunch at 14:00.	have got	have	has	hasn't
5. Her mother never goes _____ work by bus.	at	to	in	on
6. I went to London a year _____.	ago	later	last	past
7. I was born _____ 1998.	in	on	at	from
8. It is half _____ ten.	to	quarter	past	o'clock
9. There is _____ rice on the shelf.	some	a	an	any
10. My father _____ two brothers.	have got	are	has got	have

5. Complete the table. (1,5 marks)

AFFIRMATIVE FORM	NEGATIVE FORM	INTERROGATIVE FORM
Ex. : <i>Luisa bought a bike</i>	<i>Luisa didn't buy a bike.</i>	<i>Did Luisa buy a bike?</i>
a) He loves eating paella.		
b) Carmen has got an exam at 10:00.		
c) They are doctors.		
d) He can play the piano.		
e) My sisters were born in Jamaica.		

6. Write the correct option in each communicative situation. (1 mark)

I'm married. - Sure, it is R-O-S-A. - It was delicious. -
 Yes, I'm looking for a shirt. - ~~It's five pounds.~~ - By plane. - By cheque. -
 Nice to meet you. - Those boots. - You're welcome. -

Example: A: How much is it?

B: It's five pounds.

1. A: How was the meal?

B: _____

2. A: Can you spell your name, please?

B: _____

3. A: Can I help you?

B: _____

4. A: These are Tom and Lisa.

B: _____

5. A: Thank you.

B: _____

7. Answer these questions about you with a complete sentence. (1 mark)

Example: What is your favourite film?

My favourite film is Harry Potter.

1. What is your favourite food?

2. What sport do you usually practise?

3. When were you born?

4. Where did you go last weekend?

5. What time do you have breakfast?

8. Choose 1 topic and write a text (a minimum of 50 words) (2 marks)

A. Write about your diet (What kind of food do you usually eat?

Do you eat five meals a day?, Do you like junk food?).

B. Do you remember when you were a child? Write about your memories

(Where were you born?, When did you start school?, What were your hobbies/ favourite subjects?).